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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
Agricultural Marketing Service
Fruit and Vegetable Division

Telephone - REpublic 7 - 4142,
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Washington 25, D. C.
Tuesday, March 15, 1955.

SFMI-MONTHLY HONEY REPORT - VOL. XXXIX - NO. 6

SUMMARY

During this period spring advanced steadily northward. Except for a few of the extreme northern sections temperatures moderated to the point where bees could obtain good flights. As farnorth as Kansas and the Ohio-Potomac valleys and in the Pacific Northwest pollen was available from pussywillow, maples, elms and other early sources available in the various geographical regions. For the country as a whole wintering can be considered as fairly good. In a few sections where bees were confined for long periods some beekeepers reported above average losses. Heavy losses were reported for north Florida and south Georgia. Average feeding for the season is being carried on in most sections. Moisture conditions are generally favorable for this season. Snow cover in the high elevations of the Pacific Northwest is below normal. The eastern slopes of the Rockies and the western Great Plains area also is deficient in moisture. High winds and dust storms occurred over eastern Coloredo and western portions of Texas, Oklahoma and Kansas. Forest and brush fires, which destroyed considerable bee pasture, swept some sections of north Florida and south Georgia. Except in those sections which suffered drought last year and are still dry, plant conditions appear good. Several Ohio Valley states report best clover stands in several years.

A good citrus flow is on in Florida with strong colonies expected to gather a fairly large crop. Ti-ti was in bloom in north Florida, south Georgia and along the Gulf Coast of Alabama and Mississippi. Good crops were being gathered in mississippi but many colonies in Florida and Georgia have not built up to take full advantage of the ti-ti flow. Bees are building up well in Texas, Louisiana and southern California to take advantage of spring flows which will soon come on. Dandelion and fruit will be blooming in many of the central and northern tiers of States within the next few weeks. The honey market continues firm with price ranges about the same as in late February but with average prices generally a little higher. In California best bulk lots generally sold within a range of 11-13¢. Good clover honey over the Intermountain area and eastward ranged 12-16¢, mostly 14-15¢ per pound. New crop orange honey in Florida brought 12-13¢ in drums. Dark Florida honeys were around 11-12¢. Supplies of old crop honey are becombing increasingly light.

The beeswax market was also firm with rather light offerings. Prices on domestic wax generally ranged 47-49¢ per lb., with occasional lots of light wax around 51-53¢. Some poor wax and small lots ranged 42-46¢. The market on imported beeswax was strong in New York City. African wax was quoted 59-62¢ Central American 60-67¢; West Indian 60-65¢, and South American 68-70¢ per lb.

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INFORMATION FROM PRODUCING AREAS

CALIFORNIA POINTS: (Period first half of March)

Southern California - Temperatures in Los Angeles ranged 58-85° maximums and 44-58° minimums. Rainfall totaled .94 inches.

Colonies remained in generally good condition. Most colonies have fair to good supplies of honey and pollen though some running short on honey. Development appears normal in relation to Orange and Sage nectar flows. A few colonies could have more bees. A few swarms have come out in some areas. Small increases are being made by many beekeepers. Some bees still being taken to citrus. Many southern California bees rented for pollination of alfalfa. Honey plants generally in good condition though wild plants need additional rain. Bees worked on eucalyptus, ceanothus, buck brush, willow, fruit blossoms. Almonds, filaree, mustard, fiddleneck, and various other wild flowers.

Central and Northern California - Temperatures the first half of March ranged from well below normal to above normal for nearly all northern and central California areas. Greatest below normal readings were reported in the central California Valley region. Scattered light to moderate precipitation occurred throughout all areas.

Most bees continued in good condition. Feeding was necessary in a number of instances. Need of additional feeding is anticipated by many beekeepers. Broodrearing slow and colony development behind normal for most part. Plants are also late. Winter losses were mostly quite small. A little increase is being made by many beekeepers, and a large increase by a few. Very few bees moved during period. Almonds blossomed heavily but during part of time weather too cold for them to yield much nectar. Many thousands of colonies rented for pollination of this nut. Bees also worked on fruit blossoms, willows, oak, manzanita, eucalyptus, mustard, and other weeds. Honey plants mostly in good condition though wild plants in northern California need more rain.

PACIFIC NORTHWEST: (Period first half of March)

Washington - In the Yakima Valley bees are in generally good condition. Some flights have been made. Pollen is available from pussy-

SEMI-MONTHLY HONEY REPORT - VOL. XXXIX - NO. 6

HONEY PRICES REPORTED DURING PERIOD COVERED BY THIS REPORT: These prices represent sales and quotations as reported by correspondent beekeepers and honey handlers. Because of the many thousands of beekeepers and handlers in the country these should be considered as representative prices and not as full and complete coverage of all transactions for any State or area:

PRODUCERS' SALES OF LARGE LOTS OF EXTRACTED HONEY TO BOTTLERS IN 60-LB. CANS, PER POUND

STATE	COLOR & FLORAL SOURCE	PRICE & BASIS OF SALE
CALIF.		
SOU.	Sage, White	13¢ del.
	Orange "	12¢ "
	Alfalfa "	12¢ "
	Alfalfa, Light Amber-Ex.Light Amber	11½¢ "
	Sage-Buckwheat, Extra Light Amber	12¾ "
	" " Light Amber	11½¢ "
	Sage-Lima Bean, Extra Light Amber	11¾ fob
	Mixed Flowers, Light Amber	10½¢ del.
	Eucalyptus (new crop) Extra Light Amber	8¢ "
NOR.	Thistle Extra Light Amber	10¢ fob
	Alfalfa " " "	10¢ "
	Mixed Flowers, Light Amber	9¢ "
COLO.	Sweetclover, White	12-15¢ "
IDAHO	Alfalfa-Clover, White	12½-13¢ "
MONT.	Clover, Extra White	14-15¢ "
UTAH	Clover, White	14¢ "
IOWA	Clover, White	12-16¢ "
	mostly	14-15¢ "
NEBR.	Clover, White	13¢ fob
WISC.	Clover-Basswood	13-14¢ "
	Mixed Flowers, Amber	12¢ "
MINN.	Clover, White	13½¢ del. Mpls.
	" Light Amber	13¢ " "
	" White (to Canadian buyers)	14¢ fob
OHIO	Clover, White	14¢
VT.	Clover, White	15¢ fob
MD.	Clover	15¢ "
FLA.	Drums (containers exchanged) Orange, White-Light Amber	12-13¢ "
	Mixed Flowers, Amber	10-11¢ "
LA.	Clover, White, (containers exchanged) Drums	11½¢del
	60s	12¢ "
HAWAII	Mixed Flowers, White	11 3/4¢ c.i.f. L.A
	" " Light Amber	8½¢ " " "

PRODUCER-PACKER OR PACKER SALES OF HONEY TO WHOLESALERS, RETAILERS & CONSUMERS

STATE	TYPE OF HONEY, CONTAINERS, COLOR AND FLORAL SOURCE 1/	SALES TO - WHOLESALERS (Generally delivered)	RETAILERS (Generally delivered)	CONSUMERS (Local Sales)
EXTRACTED HONEY - 60-POUND CANS - PER POUND				
COLO.	Sweetclover, White	17-20¢	18-19.4¢	-
TEXAS	Clover, White	18 1/2¢	18-19.4¢	-
NEBR.	Sweetclover, White	15½¢ f.o.b.	-	-
WISC.	Clover-Basswood	16 1/2-18 1/2¢	-	-
	Mixed Flowers, Amber	14 1/2-16¢	-	-
ILL.	Mixed bakery grade	16¢	-	-
N. Y.	Clover	15¢	18 1/3¢	19 1/3¢
PA.	Mixed Flowers	-	-	15 1/2¢
MD.	Clover	-	-	18-25¢ f.o.b.
FLA.	Orange, White to Light Amber	16¢	18 1/3¢	22¢
	Mixed, Amber	14 1/3¢	16 1/2¢	19 3/4¢
EXTRACTED HONEY - 5-LB. CONTAINERS - PER LB.				
CALIF.	NOR. Thistle, Extra Light Amber	-	-	20¢
COLO.	Sweetclover	20¢	21¢	20-22¢
TEXAS	Clover, White	22.8¢	20 2/3¢-24.2¢	-
OKLA.	Clover, Light Amber	-	18¢	-
N.MEX.	Alfalfa-Clover	16 2/3¢	17 2/3¢	-
IOWA	Clover, White	19¢	19-20¢	25¢
KANS.	Sweetclover, Light Amber	-	16-20¢	20-25¢
WISC.	Clover-Basswood	20¢	24¢	-
MINN.	Clover-Basswood, White to Extra White	-	19¢	25¢
OHIO	Clover, White	-	-	25¢
IND.	Clover, Light Amber	-	16 2/5¢	21 4/5¢
ILL.	Clovers	17 2/3¢	19-20¢	22-26¢
N.Y.	Clover	-	24¢	25-30¢
VT.	Clover	21¢	25¢	30¢
PA.	Mixed Flowers	-	26¢	22-35¢
MD.	Clover	-	25¢	30¢ f.o.b.
VA.	Clover, White	-	20¢	-
FLA.	Orange, White to Light Amber	17 1/3¢	19.6¢	23 1/2¢
	Tupelo, Amber	18 2/3¢	20¢	25¢
	Mixed Amber	15 1/2¢	17.8¢	21.6¢

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SEMI-MONTHLY HONEY REPORT - VOL. XXXIX - NO. 6

PRODUCER-PACKER OR PACKER SALES OF HONEY TO WHOLESALERS, RETAILERS & CONSUMERS

STATE	TYPE OF HONEY, CONTAINERS, COLOR AND FLORAL SOURCE 1/	SALES TO WHOLESALERS (Generally delivered)	SALES TO RETAILERS (Generally delivered)	SALES TO CONSUMERS (Local sales)
EXTRACTED HONEY - 12, 2-LB. CONTAINERS				
COLO.	Sweetclover	5.75	5.75-6.00	-
TEXAS	Clover, White	6.25	5.75-6.80	-
OKLA.	Clover, Light Amber	-	4.80	-
N.MEX.	Alfalfa-Clover	5.00	5.60	-
IOWA	Clover, White	5.88	5.80	60¢
KANS.	Sweetclover, Light Amber	-	5.75	-
WISC.	Clover-Basswood	5.75	6.70	-
MINN.	Clover-Basswood	-	5.75	7.80
IND.	Clover, Light Amber	-	5.40	-
PA.	Mixed Flowers	-	6.75	65-75¢
MD.	Clover	-	6.50	70¢
FLA.	Orange, Light Amber-White	4.65	5.35	55¢
	Tupelo, Amber	5.60	6.00	55¢
	Mixed Amber	4.15	4.77	48¢
EXTRACTED HONEY, 24, 1-LB. CONTAINERS				
COLO.	Sweetclover	6.00	6.00-6.25	-
TEXAS	Clover, White	6.50	6.00-7.00	-
N.MEX.	Alfalfa-Clover	5.25	5.85	-
IOWA	Clover, White	6.12	5.28-6.00	30-35¢
KANS.	Sweetclover, Light Amber	-	6.70	-
WISC.	Clover-Basswood	6.00	7.20	-
MINN.	Clover-Basswood	6.15	8.40	-
IND.	Clover, Light Amber	-	5.76	-
ILL.	Clover	5.70	6.30	35¢ each
N. Y.	Clover	-	8.50	30¢ each
VT.	Clover	6.15	7.25	40¢
PA.	Mixed Flowers	-	6.00-7.20	40-45¢
MD.	Clover	-	6.75	36¢
VA.	Clover, White	-	6.00	-
FLA.	Orange, White-Light Amber	5.17	5.95	30¢
	Tupelo, Amber	5.75	6.25	33¢
	Mixed Amber	4.66	5.35	28¢
EXTRACTED HONEY - 24, 8-OZ. JARS				
COLO.	Sweetclover	3.75	3.55-3.85	-
TEXAS	Clover, White	3.70	3.55-4.00	
OKLA.	Clover, Light Amber	-	6.00	-
WISC.	Clover-Basswood	3.50	4.20	-
IND.	Clover, Light Amber	-	3.36	-
ILL.	Clover	3.20	-	-
PA.	Clover, Light Amber	-	4.20	23¢
FLA.	Orange, White-Light Amber	2.97	3.40	-
	Tupelo, Amber	3.75	4.00	20¢
	Mixed Amber	2.72	3.15	-
SECTION COMB HONEY - CASES 24 SECTIONS				
IOWA	Clover, White, 11-12 oz.	-	6.00	30¢ each
COLO.	Sweetclover	9.00-10.00	-	-
MINN.	Clover, Extra White, 12-oz.	-	8.40	50¢ each
IND.	Clover, 12-oz.	-	-	33 1/3¢ each
ILL.	Clover	7.75	-	48-49¢
N.Y.	Clover, 14-16 oz.	-	10.50	50¢ each
PA.	Clover, Light Amber	-	9.00	50¢ each
WRAPPED CUT COMB				
IOWA	Clover, White	-	6.00	30¢ each
VT.	Clover, 24, 3-oz.	3.00	4.00	-
VA.	Clover, 11 oz.	-	3.60 doz.	-

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PRODUCER-PACKER OR PACKER SALES OF HONEY TO WHOLESALERS, RETAILERS & CONSUMERS

STATE:	TYPE OF HONEY, CONTAINERS, COLOR AND FLORAL SOURCE 1/	SALES TO- WHOLESALERS (Generally delivered)	RETAILERS (Generally delivered)	CONSUMERS (Local sales)
CHUNK (BULK COMB) HONEY				
TEXAS	Clover 24/ 1-lb.	7.50	8.20	-
OKLA.	Alfalfa-Cotton, Light Amber 24, 1-lb.	6.00	-	-
	12, 2-lb.	4.80	-	-
KANS.	Sweetclover, Light Amber 5-lb. jars	-	-	1.50
ILL.	Clover, 12/12-oz.	3.20	-	-
	12/2½-lb.	8.50-9.10	-	-
CREAMED HONEY				
COLO.	Sweetclover 24, 1-lb.	6.25	6.50	-
TEXAS	Clover 24, 10-oz.	5.00	5.50	-
KANS.	Sweetclover, Light Amber	-	-	34¢ lb.
N. Y.	Clover, 24, 1-lb.	-	8.50	-

1/ State of origin indicates State where packed, not necessarily where produced. The term "Clover" includes most legumes such as White Dutch Clover, Hubam Clover, Yellow and White Sweetclover, and occasionally such legumes as alfalfa and Vetch mixed with other Clovers.

INFORMATION FROM PRODUCING AREAS (CONTINUED)

PACIFIC NORTHWEST: (continued from Page 1)

willow. Some light feeding has been done. Weather ranged cool to moderate, with some wind. Cool nights are holding back fruit bloom. In western Washington queens are laying heavily. Bees have gathered some pollen from pussywillow. Winter losses are expected to run around 10 percent which is about normal for this section. About 25 percent of colonies are being fed.

Oregon - Temperatures were generally below normal with snow flurries and cold rain at lower levels. Rainfall and snow coverage at higher levels are still below normal. Bees have wintered well. Short flights have been possible; gathering pollen from pussywillow and filberts. The honey market is firm with very few lots available.

INTERMOUNTAIN REGION: (Period Feb. 24-March 10)

Colorado - Temperatures moderated during this period. Bees obtained some good flights. In most sections bees have wintered fairly well, although many colonies need heavy feeding. In the southern part of the State, where drought conditions were severe last year, winter losses have been heavy in some yards, running as high as 50 percent. In western Colorado moisture conditions are greatly improved, with some sections having the best moisture and snow pack in several years. Southern and eastern Colorado are still very dry. Unless considerable rain falls within the next two or three months severe drought conditions may again be expected.

Montana - In northeastern Montana the period was quite cold, although temperatures moderated at the end of the period. Despite considerable cold weather during the winter bees have not at any time gone longer than about three weeks without a good cleansing flight.

Idaho - In the Upper Snake River Valley bees have been confined without a good flight for a long period. This may result in heavy losses or many weak colonies this spring, especially where stores were not of good quality. In western and southern Idaho wintering is variable with some yards fairly good and others running 15 to 20 percent. Weather warmed up somewhat during this period.

Utah - Heavy snows in late February greatly improved moisture conditions, which are now considered 90 percent of normal. From one to two feet of snow still remain on valley floors at end of this period. Bees have been confined since around the first of the year. Winter losses can be expected to be heavy. No bees have been unpacked as yet.

ARIZONA: (Period Feb. 24-March 10)

In the Salt River Valley rainfall was above normal during January. There has been no rain since that time. Unless additional rain falls soon there is little hope for the spring honey flow in this section. Arizona streams are now running about 50 percent of a normal flow. Bees did well on small flowers produced from the January rains. Most colonies have from three to four frames of brood and are gaining rapidly. Fruit blossoms are appearing in profusion in the irrigated areas which will further stimulate broodrearing. Alfalfa is showing heavy aphid infestation. Some farmers have planted for the third time to get a fair crop. Unless aphids are controlled, it seems doubtful if much seed alfalfa will be produced this summer.

SOUTHWESTERN STATES: (Period Feb.25-March 11)

Northeast Texas - Around 1¼ inches of rain fell during the early part of this period. At that time rainfall was close to normal for this year. No rain has fallen since. While top soil is still in good condition, it is drying out fast because of high winds. Peach, plum and other early fruits are

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SEMI-MONTHLY HONEY REPORT - VOL. XXXIX - NO. 6

North/Texas - Continued - blooming. These together with elm are furnishing a little pollen. Redbud are beginning to bloom. To date no new nectar has been gathered. Nectar is expected to start with the warmer weather, which at the end of the period ranged mostly in the upper 70s and lower 80s and as high as 95 degrees. Prospects for ground flowers are good with the good top soil moisture. Broodrearing is advancing rapidly. Most colonies have ample stores for this season. However, some feeding is being done. Beekeepers are quite optimistic since moisture conditions are better than at this season for the past three or four years.

East Texas - Most of this section has ample moisture. Bees are in good condition with active broodrearing. Pollen and nectar were gathered during the last week of this period which was very warm. Some bees will need feeding.

Southeast Texas - The weather was generally warm. Moisture conditions are fairly good but more rain will be needed as the subsoil is still dry. Condition of colonies is variable. Some are in normal condition with adequate feed for the present. Others are not yet up to normal strength and will need some feeding at least until yaupon (holly) blooms. Broodrearing is expanding rapidly. Colonies are drawing heavily on reserve stores. Bees are gathering nectar and pollen from wild plum, red bud, dewberries and ground flowers, and pollen from oak and cedars.

Lower Rio Grande Valley - Weather was dry and very windy during this period. Citrus if blooming well, but most trees are small so total volume of bloom in the Valley runs far below what it did prior to the freezes of the early '50s. Bees are using practically all present pollen and nectar for broodrearing. Production of queens is fairly heavy.

Southwest Texas - In the vicinity of San Antonio some light showers occurred, but additional moisture is needed. Weather was warm during this period. Bees were working elms, willows, horehound, and at the end of the period a little pollen. Some cattlemen having clover pastures want bee men to place bees in clover fields. Some have been placed in such locations.

New Mexico - In the Mesilla Valley bees came through the winter in fairly good condition. Rain is needed badly. Bees are getting some pollen from elm and wild mustard.

Oklahoma - Much of Oklahoma is still dry, particularly in the subsoil. Elm, peaches, maple, dandelion, and apricots are blooming and furnishing some pollen for early build-up. Most bees wintered fairly well as the result of the mild winter. Some have ample stores. Others need feeding.

PLAINS STATES: (Period Feb. 25-March 11)

Iowa - Much of this period was relatively mild for this season. Bees obtained several days of good flying weather which was badly needed. Reports of losses are extremely variable. Some beekeepers indicate only normal losses of around 5 percent. Others report very high losses due to starvation, particularly where poor quality food stores were left last fall. Surface soil moisture is good. Some additional rain is needed to provide best subsoil conditions. Honey plants are reported in generally good shape. Demand for honey continues very good, with very light offerings and prices generally a little higher than at early March. Beeswax supplies are also very light, with a good demand.

Nebraska - Both cold and warm weather prevailed during this period, permitting very good bee flights but holding back plant bloom. Bees are apparently wintering fairly well. Beekeepers who cut food supplies short last fall are already feeding. Considerable additional feeding may be necessary. Other beekeepers report their bees have ample stores.

Kansas - Quite warm weather prevailed toward the end of this period. Elm and soft maple bloomed during that time. Bees gathered a fairly good supply of pollen and a little nectar. In eastern Kansas moisture conditions are fairly good. Some dust storms have occurred in the western part of the State. Broodrearing is becoming active.

EAST CENTRAL AND NORTH CENTRAL STATES: (Period Feb. 26-March 12)

Michigan - On the lower peninsula bees obtained the first good flight since the first of the year. Early examination of colonies indicate fairly heavy losses in many yards. Some yards are coming through the winter in fairly good shape. Heavy feeding is expected in most sections to prevent spring starvation. Moisture conditions are generally good. Supplies of honey are light, demand good, and the market somewhat stronger. Cellar-wintered bees on the upper peninsula are in good condition. There is still about a foot of snow on the upper peninsula.

Wisconsin - Bees obtained several good flights during this period. A portion of the time days were warm and nights freezing. Examinations to date show an extremely wide range in colony condition. Some yards have come through the winter in fairly good condition. Others have shown relatively heavy winter losses. Some cellar-wintered bees also show considerable loss. Nosema has shown up badly in some yards. Heavy feeding will be necessary. Moisture and plant conditions are generally good for this season.

- over -

Minnesota - Bees obtained two or three good flights during this period. Most colonies have come through the winter in fairly good condition, although considerable feeding will be necessary. Some sections of the State have had fairly heavy snowfall during the winter. With a rapid thaw floods can be expected. Moisture and plant conditions are generally good.

Ohio - Most of this period was mild, with considerable rain causing flood conditions along the Ohio River and major tributaries. Bees were able to fly considerably. Soft maple came into bloom around March 5 in southern Ohio. This provided fresh pollen for broodrearing. Most colonies are in fairly good condition, although with early and rapid broodrearing considerable feeding will be necessary. Winter losses have been light; largely confined to colonies which were queenless last fall. Moisture conditions are extremely favorable. Plant conditions are also good, with some sections reporting the best stands of clover since 1948. For this early season conditions look more favorable for a good honey crop than during the past several years. Supplies of honey in beekeepers' hands are closely cleaned up with prices advancing slightly.

Indiana - Most of this period was mild with several days of good bee flights. Bees appear to be coming through the winter in good condition. Rainfall has been ample. Clovers are wintering well. Very little honey reamins in the hands of beekeepers.

Illinois - Considerable moisture in the form of rain, hail and snow fell during this period, greatly improving plant conditions. Bees obtained several good flights. Some beekeepers' report light winter losses. Others report above average losses ranging to over 50 percent. Considerable feeding is necessary. Although there was some freezing and thawing clover plants appear in very good condition with very little winter killing.

NORTHEASTERN STATES: (Period Feb. 27-March 13)

New York - Bees had several good flights during this period. Examination of hives indicated only rather light outright winter losses. Many colonies are dangerously light in bees and will need careful feeding to obtain a buildup. On Fisher's Island bees obtained some pollen at the end of the period from swamp cabbage and pussywillow. Moisture and plant conditions are favorable over most of the State.

Vermont - Much snow has melted. Bees had their first flight since last fall. Both bees and clover appear to be wintering well.

Pennsylvania - Bees flew considerably during this period. In warmer locations broodrearing is becoming rather active. Some beekeepers report fairly heavy losses from starvation during the past winter. Others report little actual loss, but with many colonies light in bees and stores. Others report fairly good wintering. Feeding has been general. Moisture conditions are favorable. Clover plants appear somewhat better than during recent years.

SOUTH ATLANTIC AND SOUTH CENTRAL STATES: (Period Feb. 27-March 13)

Maryland - Weather was variable during this period, although generally mild. Considerable rain fell. Bees were very active on maple and alder. Broodrearing is progressing well. Winter losses so far appear to be light. Demand for honey from consumers has been good. Producers' stocks of honey are rapidly disappearing, with prices generally a little higher.

Virginia - Northern Virginia had considerable rain during this period. Pollen has been coming in since the first of March. Broodrearing, however, at that date was somewhat behind normal. Bees seem to have wintered well and broodrearing should advance rapidly.

Kentucky - Heavy rain fell during this period accompanied by high winds and unseasonably high temperatures. Flood conditions existed in the Ohio valley and its tributaries. Pussywillow, maple and elm were in bloom at the end of the period. Rains and high winds practically eliminated this bloom as a source of pollen. In northcentral Kentucky colony losses are expected to run 15-20 percent. Many colonies are rather light in bees. Vegetation is starting to green up and present prospects are excellent for a honey flow. General farm work is behind schedule.

Tennessee - Pollen on maples came in about March 5 - about one week later than normal.

SOUTHEASTERN STATES: (Period Feb. 27-Mar. 13)

Georgia - In south Georgia warm weather has brought on ti-ti very rapidly. Bees have begun to build up on this source. One reporter paints a most pessimistic picture of south Georgia conditions - very dry over this section and north Florida. Forest fires have destroyed considerable of the gallberry crop. States this is worst year for dryness and need for feeding since 1932, when similar conditions existed. As of present claims 25 percent of colonies are total loss; another 25 percent very weak, leaving 50 percent to produce a crop. Probably more feeding done during past winter than ever before. Indications are that package season is about three weeks late. Probably no queens ready for shipment before April 1-10. Many package bee producers waiting to see how they can build up their colonies before making many definite commitments on queens and packages.

Florida - In most citrus areas colonies are gathering an average flow of 5 to 6 pounds a day. Cool weather and lack of moisture in many sections is holding back citrus bloom. Old trees are in full bloom while younger trees are just coming into bloom. So far the season looks favorable for a good citrus crop from strong colonies. Packers are rapidly taking new citrus honey before the flow is completed. In northern Florida ti-ti is blooming heavily in the highland wooded sections. Many colonies are weak, however, so no large surplus crop is anticipated from ti-ti or gallberry. Prospects are fair for tupelo, provided colonies build up. In this section blueberries were also in full bloom at the end of the period.

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Mississippi - Along the Gulf Coast ti-ti is yielding heavily. Colonies are building up rapidly. In central Mississippi spring opened up unseasonably early. Little pollen or nectar are available but bees have responded well to stimulative feeding. Advance orders for queens and package bees have been good.

Louisiana - Warm, dry weather during this period helped bees to build up and take care of food needs. Some colonies are in good condition; others have below normal populations. Shortage of bees is delaying queen rearing operations. At the University Station scale colonies have gained 5 to 10 pounds. Strong colonies have brood in 12 to 15 frames. Plants are in good condition. Now producing either pollen or nectar are willow, redbud, oak, dewberry, white clover, yellow top and fruit trees. Recent warm weather has speeded up Plant growth. If favorable weather continues an early spring flow can be expected. One package producer reports that orders for queens and packages are far below average for this season.

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SEMI-MONTHLY HONEY REPORT - VOL. XXXIX - NO. 6

TELEGRAPHIC REPORTS FROM IMPORTANT MARKETS

(Arrivals include receipts during preceding two weeks. Unless otherwise shown prices represent sales or current quotations by brokers, local bottlers, or other receivers to wholesalers and large retailers for small containers, and to bakers, confectioners, or other large users for 60-lb. containers or larger containers. Market condition comments represent the opinion of the trade and are for the first half of March. All quotations are extracted unless otherwise shown. 60-lb. cans are on a pound basis and smaller units of extracted and other types of honey are on per case basis unless otherwise shown. Beeswax prices are per pound.)

BOSTON: Arrivals - none. Offerings light, partly account local warehouse strike which affected available offerings. Market stronger.

6, 5-lb. jars	6.40
24, 1-lb. jars	6.45-6.70
mostly	6.70
12, 1-lb. jars	3.38
12, 1-lb. servers	4.90
24, 12-oz. jars	5.60
24, 8-oz. jars	3.80-3.95
mostly	3.95
36, 4-oz. jars	3.18
CREAMED, 12, 12-oz. cups	2.83-2.85

CHICAGO: Arrivals - 119,000 lbs. Demand good, market slightly stronger.

60-lb. tins, MIDWESTERN, per lb.	
White Clover	.17- .18¢
Light Amber	.17- .17½¢
some low as	.16½¢
in granulated form 1¢ less	
White, Clover,	
Cartons 12, 5-lb. tins	11.80
12, 1-lb. jars	3.25
24, 1-lb. (self-service containers)	6.45
24, 12-oz.	5.25
24, 8-oz. (self-service containers)	3.95
36, 4-oz.	3.09
CREAMED 12, 12-oz.	2.75

CINCINNATI: Arrivals - 73,251 lbs. domestic. Demand moderate, market slightly stronger. Bulk and large sizes mostly withdrawn.

12, 5-lb. jars few	12.50
12, 2-lb. jars	5.85
24, 1-lb. jars	6.70
12, 1-lb. jars	2.95-3.38
12, 1-lb. server	4.90
Cartons, 24, 12-oz.	5.60
12, 12-oz.	2.83
12, 12-oz. jars	2.93
24, 8-oz. jars	3.95

DENVER: Supplies old stock very nearly exhausted. Demand moderate, market stronger.

Sweetclover, COLORADO	
12, 28-oz. jars	5.35-5.55
12, 20-oz. jars	4.75-5.00
12, 8-oz. jars	2.40-2.60
24, 8-oz. jars	4.35-4.60
24, 16-oz. jars	6.65-7.00
12, 32-oz. jars	6.45-6.75
12, 5-lb. tins	12.00-12.85
6, 5-lb. glass	6.90-7.10
CREAMED 24, 12-oz. cups	7.10-7.25
12, 12-oz. glass	3.00-3.25

DETROIT: Receipts - 34,130 lbs. domestic. Demand good, market firm.

Mostly White Clover, cases	
6, 5-lb.	6.00-6.20
few	6.40
24, 1-lb.	5.50-5.75
24, 8-oz.	3.15-3.25

KANSAS CITY: Imports 60,000 lbs. Market slightly stronger.

12, 1-lb. jars	3.20
12, 2-lb. jars	5.85
12, 4-lb. jars	10.80

LOS ANGELES: Demand good, market firm.

White (or better) Orange, Sage, Clover	
6, 5-lb. glass or tin	6.00-6.60
12, 32-oz. jars	6.35-6.80
12, 24-oz. jars	5.20
12, 16-oz. jars	3.35-3.55
12, 12-oz. jars	2.61-2.85
24, 8-oz. jars	3.80-4.04
Light Amber, Blended Flavors	
12, 2-lb. tins	5.20
24, 1-lb. jars	5.40
Light Amber, Mixed Flowers	
6, 5-lb. tins	5.00-5.25
Extra Light Amber, Alfalfa	
12, 5-lb. tins	10.20
Extra Light Amber, Blended Flavors	
12, 32-oz. jars	5.60
12, 16-oz. jars	2.95
24, 8-oz. jars	3.45
White (or better) assorted Orange, Sage, Clover	
24, 8-oz. jars	4.12-4.14
White (or better) Buckwheat, Orange, Clover, Sage	
12, 8-oz. jars	2.04
White, Orange-Clover	
12, 1-lb. glass servers	4.50-4.75
CREAMED White (or better) Orange, Clover	
12, 12-oz. cups	2.75-2.93
24, 12-oz. cups	5.85
CHUNK, COMB White, Orange, Sage, Clover	
12, 1-lb. jars	5.15
White (or better) Clover	
12, 12-oz. section	4.80
12, 8-oz. section	2.90
Honey & Butter - Plain and Cinnamon	
12, 6½-oz. cups	3.15
Jellied honey - Clover and Orange	
12, 10-oz. jars	2.85
BEESWAX: Arrivals - by truck 6,000 lbs, domestic. Demand exceeds supply, market stronger. Purchases by local receivers delivered Los Angeles - cash	.50- .52
mostly	.50
in trade	.52

PITTSBURGH: Arrivals - by truck 15,030 lbs. domestic. Demand fair, market slightly stronger.

White Clover	Light Amber
6, 5-lb. jars none reported	
6, 3-lb. jars none reported	
24, 1-lb. jars	6.70
24, 8-oz. jars	3.95
12, 1-lb. server mug	4.90
CREAMED 24, 1-lb. jars	6.70

- continued -

SEMI-MONTHLY HONEY REPORT - VOL. XXXIX - NO. 6

MINNEAPOLIS: Arrivals - by truck, 60-lb, cans: Minn.White Sweetclover 250; Iowa Light Amber 70. Demand small containers good, large containers fair. Price to jobbers -

U. S. Fancy Blended honey	
24, 8-oz. jars	3.50
12, 1-lb. jars	2.90
12, 2-lb. jars	5.30
6, 3-lb. jars	3.90
6, 5-lb. tins	5.30
6, 5-lb. jars	5.80
24, 7½-oz. tumblers	4.20
12, 14-oz. tumblers	3.95
12, 11-oz. glass mugs	3.25
CREAMED 12, 11-oz. glass mugs	3.35
60-lb. cans, White Sweetclover per lb.	.17½
Light Amber	.16½

NEW YORK: Arrivals - by boat, 260 drs. Cuba; 30 drs. Mexico; 32 drs. Dominican Republic; 50 ctns. Holland. Supplies light, market strong, few sales. Sales and nominal quotations -

IMPORTED ex dock New York City duty paid -	
PUERTO RICO, tins	.14½-.15
drums	.12½- 13
GUATEMALA, drums	.13½-.14
Ex warehouse and ex dock. 60s	
MIDWESTERN and INTERMOUNTAIN White Clover	.18½-.20
MIDWESTERN and INTERMOUNTAIN Bakers Blend	.16
IMPORTED, 12, 8-oz. jars	1.75
24, 1-lb. jars	2.80
Domestic, Light Amber, Mixed Flowers	
24, 8-oz. jars	3.35
24, 1-lb. jars	5.80
12, 1-lb. jars	2.90
12, 2-lb. jars	5.60
6, 5-lb. tins	5.55-5.80
24,1-lb. tins	6.20
Domestic, Orange-Clover	
24, 8-oz. jars	3.85-3.95
12, 1-lb. jars	3.45
12, 2-lb. jars	6.45-6.60
24, 1-lb. tins	6.90
6, 5-lb. tins	6.60

BEESWAX: Arrivals - by boat - 446 bags Brazil; 229 bags Cuba; 204 bags Dominican Republic; 187 blocks Fr. Somaliland; 77 bags Morocco; 102 blocks Eritrea; 227 bls. Angola; 38 bags Spain; 190 blocks, 373 bls., 274 bags Portuguese West Africa. Offerings light. Market strong. Sales and nominal quotations-

AFRICA	.59- .62
CENTRAL AMERICA, Light	.65- .67
Darker	.60- .62
WEST INDIES,	.60- .65
SOUTH AMERICA	.68- .70

ST. LOUIS: Market firm to slightly stronger. Offerings light.

60-lb. tins COLORADO and NORTHERN	
Light Amber	.15½-.16
White Clover	.16½
Cases, mostly White Clover	
6, 5-lb. jars	5.70-6.25
tins	6.15
12, 2-lb. jars	6.10-6.25
24, 1-lb. jars	5.65-6.70
mostly	6.25-6.70
Honey Spread, 24-12-oz. jars	5.60
24, 8-oz. jars	3.40-3.95
mostly	3.80-3.95
CREAMED, 12, 12-oz. packages	2.83
12, 1-lb. packages	3.38

PHILADELPHIA: Arrivals - Domestic 75,100 lbs; Guatemala 40 drums; Puerto Rico 10 drums. Demand good, market strong.

GUATEMALA, Light Clover	
60-lb. tins, per lb.	.17
12, 5-lb. & 6, 10-lb. tins	11.50
24, 1-lb. jars	6.00
24, 8-oz. jars	3.50
12, 1-lb. jars	3.10
Domestic Blended Sweet & White Clover	
6, 5-lb. jars	6.90
24, 1-lb. jars	6.70
24, 8-oz. jars	3.95
12, 1-lb. jars	3.38
36, 4-oz. jars	3.18
White Clover, 24, 1-lb. jars	6.10
24, 8-oz. jars	3.50

PORTLAND: Arrivals - approximately 20,000 lbs. Supplies moderate. Demand fair, market steady

Light Amber Sweetclover-Alfalfa	
12, 5-lb. tins	10.80-11.00
12, 24-oz. jars	4.80- 5.00
24, 12-oz. jars	5.30- 5.40
24, 8-oz. jars	3.95- 4.00
Bulk, supplies very light	
5 gal cans Light Amber	.16½- .17
Dark	.14 - .15

BEESWAX: Market steady. Dealers paying in cash or trade .45

SAN FRANCISCO: Demand moderate, market firm. Domestic Light Amber (or better) Orange, Clover, Sage, Thistle, and some blended Flavors -

24, 8-oz. jars	3.05- 3.50
24, 12-oz. jars	4.70- 5.40
24, 12-oz.jars Sage with cut comb	7.50
12, 8-oz. jars	1.34
12, 12-oz. jars	1.88
12, 12-oz. jars Sage, with cut comb	3.00
12, 1-lb. jars	2.40- 3.04
12, 1½-lb. jars	3.20- 3.53
12, 2-lb. jars	4.75- 5.64
12, 5-lb. cans	8.45- 9.24

SEATTLE: Arrivals - 36,745 lbs. incomplete. Supplies light, market firm to slightly stronger.

Sweetclover, Alfalfa, Light Amber	
12, 5-lb. tins	10.80-11.80
mostly	11.00-11.80
12, 2-lb. jars	5.80- 6.40
24, 1-lb. jars	6.30- 6.80
24, 12-oz. jars few	5.30
12, 24-oz. jars few	5.00
24, 8-oz. jars few	3.95- 4.00
Fireweed, 24, 1-lb. jars	6.60
12, 2-lb. jars	6.00
6, 5-lb. pails	5.80
CREAMED, 24, 1-lb. cups	6.25
24, 14-oz.	5.65
24, 12-oz.	5.50
24, 10-oz.	4.60
24, 6½-oz.	3.15

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EXPORTS OF HONEY FROM THE UNITED STATES DURING CALENDAR YEAR ENDING DECEMBER 31, 1954 - BY COUNTRIES OF DESTINATION
(Secured through Bureau of Census)(Preliminary)

COUNTRIES OF DESTINATION	TOTALS Pounds	JANUARY Pounds	FEBRUARY Pounds	MARCH Pounds	APRIL Pounds	MAY Pounds	JUNE Pounds	JULY Pounds	AUGUST Pounds	SEPTEMBER Pounds	OCTOBER Pounds	NOVEMBER Pounds	DECEMBER Pounds
West Germany	13,680,031	338,160	221,460	824,580	413,100	47,634	-	2,400	674,924	4,550,374	4,341,845	997,093	1,268,461
Canada (Incl. Newfoundland and Labrador)	3,909,284	61,400	89,538	69,073	164,350	7,400	90,517	95,148	274,860	306,366	1,276,316	879,112	595,204
Netherlands	3,029,897	194,040	-	5,664	284,400	101,393	-	-	337,002	480,600	345,050	903,748	378,000
Belgium and Luxembourg	1,489,356	39,000	81,460	-	27,300	-	-	-	298,550	373,680	324,546	173,820	171,000
France	936,780	10,980	53,340	-	22,020	-	11,100	-	-	-	153,300	314,160	371,880
Switzerland	716,518	20,040	-	6,000	-	120,000	-	-	135,600	257,938	71,400	105,540	-
Italy	164,100	-	-	-	120,000	-	-	-	-	44,100	-	-	-
Liberia	66,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	66,000	-	-	-
Republic of the Philippines	43,958	5,310	-	-	441	-	-	-	-	-	34,248	3,059	900
Hungary	33,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	33,000
Lebanon	18,600	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,600	-	12,000	-
Hong Kong	13,110	-	-	-	1,800	-	-	-	9,510	1,800	-	-	-
British Malaya	10,944	-	-	-	1,464	-	-	-	3,000	5,040	1,440	-	-
Sweden	4,800	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,800
Japan	3,996	-	-	-	-	-	3,996	-	-	-	-	-	-
French Morocco	2,760	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,760	-	-	-
Saudi Arabia	2,500	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,500	-
Thailand (Siam)	2,060	-	-	-	-	-	2,060	-	-	-	-	-	-
Angola	1,200	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,200	-	-	-	-
Sample	150,860	6,000	12,800	12,520	21,600	10,500	1,000	-	13,320	34,720	7,680	6,720	24,000
TOTAL	24,279,754	674,930	458,598	917,837	1,056,475	286,927	108,673	97,548	1,747,966	6,129,978	6,555,825	3,397,752	2,847,245
" Dollars	2,690,383	67,876	63,711	95,799	115,990	31,397	16,469	15,029	196,304	646,330	738,119	378,502	324,857
CUSTOMS DISTRICTS													
Los Angeles	12,008,719	365,220	340,158	809,340	571,980	2,400	5,280	2,400	782,700	3,196,285	3,284,700	1,473,768	1,174,488
San Francisco	5,371,846	97,380	15,000	26,904	81,564	152,100	6,056	-	279,510	1,660,080	1,335,648	919,933	797,671
Michigan	2,214,701	31,400	69,240	36,623	102,190	7,400	54,000	65,148	271,980	119,530	817,806	207,074	432,310
Florida	1,932,759	82,500	-	-	-	114,527	-	-	291,706	748,147	501,181	62,668	132,030
Galveston	665,880	58,500	-	-	138,000	-	-	-	-	181,380	-	210,000	78,000
Washington	660,937	30,000	-	24,000	-	-	31,237	30,000	-	146,980	193,980	191,520	59,220
Montana and Idaho	453,772	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	139,250	194,150	120,372
New York	291,180	3,930	-	-	125,541	-	11,100	-	108,750	3,000	33,300	5,559	-
Oregon	237,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	237,000	-	-
St. Lawrence	135,766	-	-	-	15,600	-	-	-	-	85,856	-	10,200	24,110
San Diego	60,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	60,000	-
Wisconsin	44,160	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	44,160	-
Buffalo	34,974	-	16,200	8,450	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,280	-	5,044
Ohio	12,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12,000	-
Mobile	5,200	-	5,200	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sample	150,860	6,000	12,800	12,520	21,600	10,500	1,000	-	13,320	34,720	7,680	6,720	24,000
TOTAL	24,279,754	674,930	458,598	917,837	1,056,475	286,927	108,673	97,548	1,747,966	6,129,978	6,555,825	3,397,752	2,847,245

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IMPORTS OF HONEY INTO THE UNITED STATES DURING CALENDAR YEAR ENDING DECEMBER 31, 1954 - BY COUNTRY OF ORIGIN
(Secured through Bureau of Census)(Preliminary)

COUNTRIES OF ORIGIN	TOTALS Pounds	JAN. Pounds	FEB. Pounds	MARCH Pounds	APRIL Pounds	MAY Pounds	JUNE Pounds	JULY Pounds	AUG. Pounds	SEPT. Pounds	OCT. Pounds	NOV. Pounds	DEC. Pounds
Mexico	5,569,867	309,339	338,415	745,742	733,810	481,703	384,544	652,093	448,441	620,336	375,243	347,262	132,939
Cuba	1,671,318	129,823	96,834	132,707	223,231	366,628	68,581	133,572	135,965	117,834	16,260	104,622	145,261
Guatemala	1,237,153	97,430	224,350	153,907	168,613	145,681	11,200	76,481	152,530	54,741	52,308	33,196	66,716
Canada (Incl. Newfoundland and Labrador)	241,710	-	109,200	35,100	46,650	8,160	-	-	-	24,000	-	-	18,600
Dominican Republic	234,044	-	38,179	-	40,142	43,860	-	-	70,954	-	36,548	4,361	-
El Salvador	121,696	-	30,424	-	30,424	-	-	-	-	-	60,848	-	-
Leeward and Windward Islands	36,632	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	36,632	-	-	-
Greece	21,085	-	4,670	1,200	-	5,000	-	-	-	-	5,567	3,854	794
French Morocco	6,400	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,400	-	-	-	-
West Germany	1,785	-	-	-	510	-	-	-	510	-	-	-	765
Chile	1,512	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,512
Switzerland	1,320	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,320	-
Israel	1,200	600	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	600	-	-	-
Italy	1,163	-	-	563	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	600
France	1,143	-	576	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	567	-
United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland	1,128	-	-	-	648	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	480
Norway	1,058	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	529	-	529	-
Netherlands	725	-	-	725	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sweden	574	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	574	-	-
Turkey	434	-	-	-	-	434	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
TOTALS	9,151,947	537,192	842,648	1,069,944	1,244,028	1,051,466	464,325	862,146	814,800	854,672	547,348	495,711	367,667
DOLLARS	837,404	48,403	75,784	117,431	112,805	96,815	39,038	73,418	69,402	75,489	48,424	42,332	38,063

CUSTOMS DISTRICT													
New York	4,502,462	296,493	521,228	425,732	474,119	649,406	205,231	384,670	490,760	328,025	213,495	279,625	233,678
New Orleans	2,313,879	230,799	129,680	309,860	470,490	184,600	64,680	184,860	125,060	286,650	160,845	65,000	101,355
Philadelphia	1,766,911	-	64,020	217,638	207,689	209,300	124,866	289,993	183,800	215,997	149,608	94,250	9,750
St. Lawrence	136,410	-	74,100	-	11,550	8,160	-	-	-	24,000	-	-	18,600
Galveston	132,460	9,900	16,500	19,800	45,080	-	26,000	-	15,180	-	-	-	-
Los Angeles	107,985	-	-	61,814	-	-	43,548	2,623	-	-	-	-	-
Buffalo	105,300	-	35,100	35,100	35,100	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Wisconsin	54,762	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	54,762	-
Arizona	23,400	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	23,400	-	-
Laredo	4,284	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,284
Chicago	4,094	-	2,020	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,074	-
TOTALS	9,151,947	537,192	842,648	1,069,944	1,244,028	1,051,460	464,325	862,146	814,800	854,672	547,348	495,711	367,667

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IMPORTS OF BEESWAX (CRUDE) INTO THE UNITED STATES DURING CALENDAR YEAR ENDING DECEMBER 31, 1954 - BY COUNTRIES OF ORIGIN
(Secured through Bureau of Census)(Preliminary)

COUNTRY OF ORIGIN	TOTALS Pounds	JAN. Pounds	FEB. Pounds	MARCH Pounds	APRIL Pounds	MAY Pounds	JUNE Pounds	JULY Pounds	AUGUST Pounds	SEPT. Pounds	OCT. Pounds	NOV. Pounds	DEC. Pounds
Turkey	423,471*	-	66,039	22,119	-	-	-	53,748	-	22,040	132,462	94,176*	32,887
Cuba	660,560	59,952	83,385	92,454	74,803	54,327	64,495	35,080	40,224	41,769	17,251	72,823	23,997
Ethiopia (Abyssinia)	631,651	54,939	25,392	67,198	73,860	38,596	123,851	68,526	44,499	-	62,372	36,713	33,705
Dominican Republic	484,529	25,750	36,878	19,978	39,055	95,453	70,660	41,112	34,604	36,359	24,259	35,682	22,739
Angola	453,450	66,030	33,070	-	66,340	44,030	33,101	-	-	122,442	55,297	22,074	11,066
Egypt	372,347	40,250	-	-	192,773	-	-	-	11,200	-	6,614	-	121,510
Chile	328,242	29,151	-	-	44,882	58,238	61,451	11,095	30,864	28,350	52,164	12,097	-
Mexico	150,992	-	5,300	3,799	4,848	18,304	8,427	28,945	5,394	23,699	12,992	25,918	13,366
Brazil	125,823	22,046	-	-	22,046	44,046	37,685	-	-	-	-	-	-
Portugal	120,196	-	-	-	33,020	-	21,983	-	-	-	20,832	22,375	21,986
Guatemala	90,198	9,885	-	7,232	15,064	-	-	24,336	26,175	-	-	-	7,506
France	89,262	29,118	11,200	15,900	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	33,044	-
French West Africa	66,173	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	22,112	-	33,098	10,963
British East Africa	65,713	55,882	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9,831	-	-	-
Haiti	62,708	-	-	2,015	19,280	6,048	11,616	2,099	9,376	3,293	-	5,495	3,486
Mozambique	56,480	25,134	-	-	-	4,142	27,204	-	-	-	-	-	-
Western Portuguese Africa n.e.c.	44,114	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	22,067	22,047
French Equatorial Africa	44,105	-	-	-	11,053	-	-	-	-	-	-	11,072	21,980
Peru	24,748	-	-	9,035	7,358	-	2,656	5,699	-	-	-	-	-
Lebanon	22,046	-	-	22,046	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
India	21,320	-	-	-	-	-	4,920	16,400	-	-	-	-	-
Spanish Africa, n.e.c.	15,852	5,000	-	-	4,240	-	-	-	-	-	6,612	-	-
French Morocco	14,189	6,913	-	-	-	-	-	6,615	661	-	-	-	-
Argentine	13,791	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	13,791	-	-
Portuguese Asia, n.e.c.	11,178	-	11,178	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Anglo-Egyptian Sudan	11,211	11,211	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
El Salvador	9,456	-	-	1,750	2,064	-	-	5,642	-	-	-	-	-
Union of South Africa	7,500	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,500	-	-	-
Madagascar	6,765	-	-	-	-	6,765	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Netherlands	6,547	-	-	-	-	-	6,547	-	-	-	-	-	-
Canada (Incl. Newfoundland and Labrador)	1,877	-	1,080	-	-	-	797	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ecuador	1,866	1,866	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Honduras	1,191	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,191	-	-	-	-	-
TOTAL	4,439,551	443,127	273,522	263,526	610,636	369,949	475,393	300,488	202,997	319,395	404,646	428,634*	347,238
TOTAL DOLLARS	2,253,817	217,515	134,524	121,812	297,950	197,214	249,990	149,694	103,973	164,784	209,095	221,863	185,403

* Imports of Turkish beeswax for Nov. 1954 as shown on the February 15, 1955, Semi-Monthly Honey Report, should have read 94,176 lbs. instead of 941,761. Total November imports should have read 428,634, instead of 1,276,219 lbs. Value figure for November was correct as shown.

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Agricultural Marketing Service
Washington 25, D. C.

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